

X-CON BRAND

CONDUCTIVE POLYMER ALUMINUM SOLID CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION 規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): 志盛翔 (日期): 2017-05-11

CATEGORY (品名) : CONDUCTIVE POLYMER ALUMINUM

SOLID CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : ULR 6.3V560 μ F (φ6.3x8)

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER : /

SUPPLIER				
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)			
李婷	王国华			

CUSTOMER				
APPROVAL (批准)	SIGNATURE (签名)			

SAMXON ELECTRONIC
COMPONENTS LIMITED

	SPECIFICATION ULR SERIES				ALTERNATION HISTORY RECORI		ECORDS
Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Design	Cnfm

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR		
Version	01		Page	1
STANDARD MANUAL				

2. Part Number System3. Construction4	CONTENTS	
2. Part Number System 3 3. Construction 4 4. Characteristics 5~11 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 Tangent of loss angle 4.5 ESR 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 91.0 Mounting Precautions		Sheet
3. Construction 4 4. Characteristics 5~11 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 Tangent of loss angle 4.5 ESR 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Marking 6. Forming Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9. Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	1. Application	3
4. Characteristics 5~11 4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 Tangent of loss angle 4.5 ESR 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	2. Part Number System	3
4.1 Rated voltage & Surge voltage 4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 Tangent of loss angle 4.5 ESR 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	3. Construction	4
4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 Tangent of loss angle 4.5 ESR 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 4.7 Forming Dimension 4.8 Application Guideline 4.9 Loricuit design 4.10 Maximum permissible Ripple Current 4.11 Rapid change and discharge restricted 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 4.10 Lead strength 4.11 Rapid change and lise and lise and lise are also as a substance of the list of list of the list of list of the list of list	4. Characteristics	5~11
4.2 Capacitance (Tolerance) 4.3 Leakage current 4.4 Tangent of loss angle 4.5 ESR 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8.1 Circuit design 8.2 Voltage 8.3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8.4 Ripple current 8.5 Leakage current 8.5 Leakage current 8.6 Failure rate 8.7 Capacitor insulation 8.8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
4.4 Tangent of loss angle 4.5 ESR 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8.1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9-Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
4.5 ESR 4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8. Application Guideline 8.1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	4.3 Leakage current	
4.6 Temperature characteristic 4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Ieakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	4.4 Tangent of loss angle	
4.7 Load life test 4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8.1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	4.5 ESR	
4.8 Surge test 4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
4.9 Damp heat test 4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 6. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8.1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
4.10 Maximum permissible ripple current 4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 6. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8.1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
4.11 Rapid change of temperature 4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 6. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	1	
4.12 Lead strength 4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 6. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
4.13 Resistance to vibration 4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 12 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 13 6. Forming Dimension 14 7. Forming Dimension 15~16 8. Application Guideline 15~16 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9-Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions 11		
4.14 Solderability 4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 12 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 13 6. Forming Dimension 14 7. Forming Dimension 15~16 8. Application Guideline 15~16 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9. Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions 11		
4.15 Resistance to soldering heat 5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
5. Product Marking 5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	·	
5. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current 6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9. Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		12
6. Forming Dimension 7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8.1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	•	
7. Forming Dimension 8. Application Guideline 8. 15~16 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	, 1	
8. Application Guideline 8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	_	14
8-1 Circuit design 8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		4 . 4 .
8-2 Voltage 8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		15~16
8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted 8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	•	
8-4 Ripple current 8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	<u> </u>	
8-5 Leakage current 8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
8-6 Failure rate 8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
8-7 Capacitor insulation 8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8-8 Precautions for using capacitors 9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
9.Long Term Storage 10. Mounting Precautions		
10. Mounting Precautions		
		1 ′
11. List of Environment-related Substances to be Controlled ("Controlled Substances")"		
	11. List of Environment-related Substances to be Controlled (Controlled Substances)	18

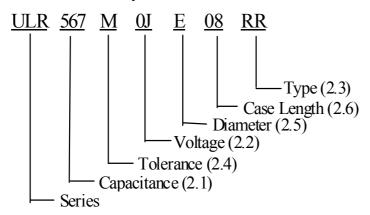
Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR		
Version	01		Page	2
STANDARD MANUAL				

SOLID POLYMER CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION ULR SERIES

1. Application

This specification applies to conductive polymer aluminum solid capacitors used in electronic equipment.

2. Part Number System



2.1 <u>Capacitance code</u>

Code	567
Capacitance (µF)	560

2.2 Rated voltage code

Code	0J
Voltage (W.V.)	6.3

2.3 <u>Type</u>

Code	RR
Туре	Bulk

2.4 Capacitance tolerance

"M" stands for $-20\% \sim +20\%$

2.5 Diameter

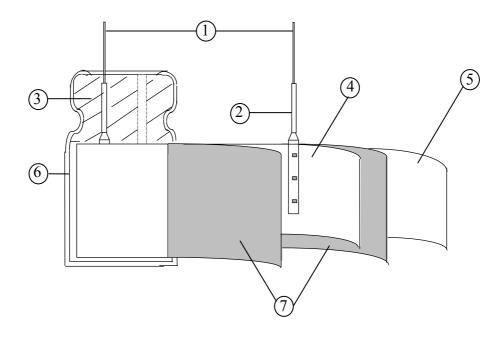
Code	E
Diameter	6.3

2.6 <u>Case length</u> 08=8mm

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR		
Version	01		Page	3
STANDARD MANUAL				

3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be formed and carbonized, impregnated with polymer and polymerized, then will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber.



No	Component	Material
1	Lead Line	Tinned Copper Line or CP Line(Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Aluminum
5	Al-Foil (-)	Aluminum
6	Case	Aluminum
7	Electrolyte paper	Manila Hemp

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR					
Version	01		Page	4			
STANDARD MANUAL							

SOLID POLYMER CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION ULR SERIES

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests is as follows:

Ambient temperature: 15°C to 35°C Relative humidity : 45% to 75% Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage is -55°C to 105°C.

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR				
Version	01		Page	5		
STANDARD MANUAL						

ITEM		PERFORMANCE					
4.1	Rated voltage (WV) Surge voltage (SV)	WV (V.DC) 6.3 SV (V.DC) 7.2					
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	Condition> Measuring Frequency : 120Hz±12Hz Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5Vrms Measuring Temperature : 20±2°C Criteria> Shall be within the specified capacitance tolerance.					
4.3	Leakage current	Condition> After DC Voltage is applied to capacitors through the series protective rest $\Omega \pm 10\Omega$) so that terminal voltage may reach the rated voltage. The leakage when measured after 2 minutes shall not exceed the values of the following e In case leakage current value exceed the value shown in Table 3, remeasing voltage treatment that applies the rated voltage shown in 4.1 for 120minutes a Criteria> See Table 3					
4.4	tan δ						
4.5	ESR	Condition> Measuring frequency : 100kHz to 300kHz; Measuring temperature:20±2°C Measuring point : 2mm max from the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the least condition of the surface of a sealing resin on the surface of a sealing resin					

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR					
Version	01		Page	6			
STANDARD MANUAL							

		<conditio< th=""><th>n></th><th></th><th></th></conditio<>	n>				
		STEP	Temperature(°C)	Item	Characteristics		
		1	20±2	Measure: Capacitance tanδ Impedance			
		2	-55+3	Z-55°C / 20°C	≤1.25		
	Temperature	3	Keep at 15 to 35°C for 15 minutes or more	or			
4.6	characteristic	4	105±2	Z105°C / 20°C	≤1.25		
				∆ C/C 20°C	Within \pm 5% of ste		
		5	20 ± 2	tanδ	Less than or equal the value of item 4		
		The C voltag	dition> apacitor is stored at a to e for 3000 +48/0 hours				
		<crit< td=""><td></td><td colspan="4">Performance</td></crit<>		Performance			
			Le	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial capacitance Less than or equal to 1.5 times of the value of item 4.4			
	Load	ESR	Le	Less than or equal to 1.5 times of the value of item 4.5			
4.7	life	Leak	age current Le	Less than or equal to the value of item 4.3			
	test	Appe	earance No	Notable changes shall not be found.			

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR				
Version	01		Page	7		
STANDARD MANUAL						

		seconds in every5minutes 3	d the surge voltage through $1k\Omega$ resistor in series for 30S at $15\sim35^{\circ}$ C. Procedure shall be repeated 1000 times, under normal humidity for 1-2hours before measuremen
		Item	Performance
4.8	Surge	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial capacitance
4.8	test	tan δ	Less than or equal to 1.5 times of the value of item 4.4
		ESR	Less than or equal to 1.5 times of the value of item 4.5
		Leakage current	Less than or equal to the value of item 4.3
		hypothesizing that over ve	nulates over voltage at abnormal situation, and n oltage is always applied.
		60±2°C, the characteric Criteria> Item	xposed for 1000 ± 48 hours in an atmosphere of 90~95% istic change shall meet the following requirement. Performance Within ± 200/ of initial capacitance
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of initial capacitance Less than or equal to 1.5 times of the value of ite
		tan δ	4.4
	Damp	ESR	Less than or equal to 1.5 times of the value of ite 4.5
4.9	heat test	Leakage current	Less than or equal to the value of item 4.3
		Appearance	Notable changes shall not be found.

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR					
Version	01		Page	8			
STANDARD MANUAL							

		Condition> The maximum perm At 100kHz and can Table 3 The combined value rated voltage and sh Frequency Multiplie	be applied at of D.C volta all not revers	maximum ope	rating temperatur	re see
	Maximum	Frequency	120Hz≤	1kHz≤	10kHz≤	100kHz≤
4.10	permissible (ripple current)	Coefficient	f<1kHz 0.05	f<10kHz	f<100kHz 0.70	f<500kHz 1.00
		Applied voltage: with Cycle number: 5 cycl Test diagram: Fig.1		30±3 min 3 m	Root 30±3 min in or less	5±2℃ m temperature ±3℃
		Performance: The cap			wing specification	n after 5 cycles.
4.11	Rapid change	Item	Performa		•,	
	of temperature	Capacitance change		10% of initial		
		tan δ Leakage current			value of item 4.3	(after

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR					
Version	01		Page	9			
STANDARD MANUAL							

SOLID POLYMER CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION ULR SERIES

a) Lead pull strength A static load force shall be applied to the terminal in the axial direction and acting in a direction away from the body for 10 ± 1 s. Lead wire diameter (mm) Load force (N) $0.5 < d \le 0.8$ 10 b) Lead bending When the capacitor is placed in a vertical position and the weight specified in the table above is applied to one lead and then the capacitor is slowly rotated 90° to a horizontal position and then returned to a vertical position thus completing bends 4.12 Lead strength for 2~3 seconds. The additional bends are made in the opposite direction Lead wire diameter (mm) Load force (N) $0.5 < d \le 0.8$ Performance: The characteristic shall meet the following value after a) or b) test. Item Performance Less than or equal to the value of item4.3 Leakage current No cutting and slack of lead terminals Outward Appearance Frequency: 10 to 55 Hz (1minute interval / $10 \rightarrow 55 \rightarrow 10$ Hz Amplitude: 0.75mm(Total excursion 1.5mm) Direction: X_1 , Y_2 , Z (3 axes) Duration: 2hours/ axial (Total 6 hours) The capacitors are supported as the following Fig2 Resistance to $\leq 0.3 \text{mm}$ 4.13 vibration Fig2 Performance: Capacitance value shall not show drastic change compared to the initial capacitance when the value is measured within 30 minutes. Prior to the completion of exam, Capacitance difference shall be within $\pm 5\%$ compared to the initial value the exam.

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR					
Version	01		Page	10			
STANDARD MANUAL							

4.14	Solderability	The capacitor shall be tested under the following conditions: Solder : Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu Soldering temperature: 245±3°C Immersing time : 3±0.5s Immersing depth : 1.5~ 2.0mm from the root. Flux : Approx .25% rosin Performance: At least 95% of the dipped portion of the terminal shall be covered with new solder.
4.15	Resistance to soldering heat	A) Solder bath method Lead terminals of a capacitor are placed on the heat isolation board with thickness of 1.6±0.5mm. It will dip into the flux of isopropylaehol solution of colophony. Then it will be immersed at the surface of the solder with the following condition: Solder : Sn-3Ag-0.5Cu Soldering temperature : 260 ±5°C Immersing time : 10±1s Heat protector: t=1.6mm glass -epoxy board B) Soldering iron method Bit temperature : 400 ±10°C Application time : 3+1/-0 s Heat protector: t=1.6mm glass -epoxy board For both methods, after the capacitor at thermal stability, the following items shall be measured: Item

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR			
Version	01		Page	11	
STANDARD MANUAL					

SOLID POLYMER CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION ULR SERIES

5. Product Marking

Marking Sample:

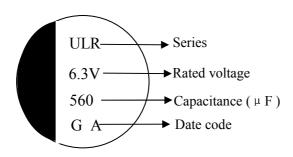


Table 1

Code	С	D	Е	G
Year	2013	2014	2015	2017

G A

- Manufactured week: see Table 2

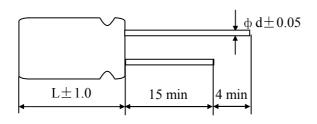
- Manufactured year: see Table

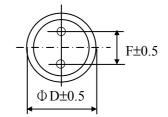
Table 2						- Manu	facture	d year:	see Tab	le I	
Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Code	A	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K
Week	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Code	L	M	N	О	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
Week	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
Code	W	X	Y	Z	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>E</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>G</u>
Week	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
Code	<u>H</u>	Ī	<u>J</u>	<u>K</u>	<u>L</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>O</u>	<u>P</u>	Q	<u>R</u>
Week	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52			
Code	<u>S</u>	<u>T</u>	<u>U</u>	<u>V</u>	W	<u>X</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>Z</u>			

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR			
Version	01		Page	12	
STANDARD MANUAL					

6. Product Dimensions, Impedance & Maximum Permissible Ripple Current

Unit: mm





фD	6.3
L	8
F	2.5
Фd	0.6

Table 3

Working Voltage (V)	Capacitance (µ F)	Dimension (D×L, mm)	Maximum permissible ripple current at 105°C 100kHz (mA rms)	ESR at 20°C100kHz to300kHz (mΩ)	Leakage current (µ A) 2min
6.3	560	6.3x8	4700	8	706

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR			
Version	01		Page	13	
STANDARD MANUAL					

SOLID POLYMER	
CAPACITOR	
SPECIFICATION	
ULR <i>SERIES</i>	

8.Application Guideline:

X-CON Solid Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor should be used compliance with the following guidelines

8-1Circuit design

Prohibited Circuits for use

Do not use the capacitors with the following circuits.

- 1) Time constant circuits
- 2) Coupling circuits
- 3) Circuits which are greatly affected by leakage current
- 4) High impedance voltage retention circuits.

8-2. Voltage

1) Over voltage

The application of over-voltage and reverse voltage below can cause increases in leakage current and short circuits. Applied voltage, refers to the voltage value including the peak value of the transitional instantaneous voltage and the peak Value of ripple voltage, not just steady line voltage. Design your circuit so that the peak voltage does not exceed the stipulated voltage.

Over voltage exceeding the rated voltage may not be applied even for an instant as it may cause a short circuit.

- 2) Applied voltage
- ① Sum of the DC voltage value and the ripple voltage peak values must not exceed the rated voltage.
- ② When DC voltage is low, negative ripple voltage peak value must not become a reverse voltage that exceeds 10% of The rated voltage.
- ③ Use the X-CON within 20% of the rated voltage for applications which may cause the reverse voltage during the Transient phenomena when the power is tumid off or the source is switched.

8-3 Sudden charge and discharge restricted

Sudden charge and discharge may result in short circuit's large leakage current. Therefore, a protection circuits are recommended to design in when on of the following condition is expected.

- 1) The rush current exceeds 10A
- 2) The rush current exceeds 10 times of allowable ripple current of X-CON.

A protection resistor (1K Ω) must be inserted to the circuit during the charge and discharge when measuring the leakage Current.

8-4 Ripple current

Use the capacitors within the stipulated permitted ripple current. When excessive ripple current is applied to the capacitor, It causes increases in leakage current and short circuits due to self- heating. Even when using the capacitor under the Permissible ripple current, reverse voltage may occur if the DC bias voltage is low.

8-5 Leakage current

There is a risk of leakage current characteristics increasing even if the following use environments are within the stipulated range However, even if leakage current increases once, it has the characteristic that leakage current becomes small in most cases after voltage is applied due to its self-correction mechanism.

8-6 Failure rate

The main failure mode of X-CON is open mode primarily caused by electrostatic capacity drop at high temperature (i.e. wear out failure), besides random short circuit mode failures primarily caused by over voltage occurs as minor one. The time it takes to reach the failures mode can be extended by using the X-CON with reduced ambient temperature, ripple current and applied voltage.

8-7 Capacitor insulation

- 1) Insulation in the marking sleeve is not guaranteed. Be aware that the space between the case and the negative electrode Terminal is not insulated and has some resistance.
- 2) Be sure to completely separate the case, negative lead terminal, and positive lead terminal and PCB patterns with each other.

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR			
Version	01		Page	14	
STANDARD MANUAL					

SOLID POLYMER CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION ULR SERIES

8-8 Precautions for using capacitors

- X-CON capacitors should not be used in the following environments.
- 1) Environments where the capacitor is subject to direct contact with salt water or oil can directly fall on it.
- 2) Environments where capacitors are exposed to direct sunlight.
- 3) High temperature (Avoid locating heat generating components around the X-CON and on the underside of the PCB), or humid environments where condensation can form on the surface of the capacitor.
 - 4) Environments where the capacitor is in contact with chemically active gases.
 - 5) Acid or alkaline environments.
 - 6) Environment subject to high-frequency induction.
 - 7) Environment subject to excessive vibration and shock.

9.Long Term Storage

Store the X-CONs in sealed package bags after delivery per the table below;

X-CON Type	Before unsealing
Radial lead type packed in bags	Must be used within 24~36 months after
radial load type packed in ougs	delivery(unsealed status)
Radial lead type packed in taping method	Must be used within 24~36 months after
Radiai lead type packed iii taping memod	delivery(unsealed status)

10. Mounting Precautions

Mounting phase	Things to note before mounting	Disposal
	1) Used X-CON capacitors	Not reused
	2) LC-increased X-CON capacitors	Apply them with rated voltage in series with 1K Ω
	after long storage	resistance for 1 hour at the range between 60 and 70°C
	3) X-CON capacitors dropped to the	Not reused
	floor	
Before mounting	4) Precautions on polar, capacitance	Products without remarkable polar, capacitance and rated
Delote mounting	and rated voltage	voltage shouldn't be available
	5) Precautions on the pitch between	The products can be used only when said pitch is matched
	lead terminal and PCB	
	6) Precautions on the stress that lead	The products can be used for production only when lead
	terminal and body of X-CON	terminal and body are not subject stress.
	capacitors enduring in mounting	
	1) Soldering with a soldering iron	Both temperature and duration in mounting should meet
		the requirements of out-going SPEC; no stress should be allowed to occur in mounting; Don't let the tip of the
		soldering iron touch the X-CON itself.
Mounting	2) Flow soldering	X-CON capacitor body should be prohibited to submerge
8	27 Trow sordering	in melted solder; both temperature and duration in
		mounting should meet the requirements of out-going
		SPEC; The rosin is not allowed to adhere to any where
		other than lead terminal.
	1) Precautions on mounting status	Do not tilt, bend twists X-CON; Do not allow other matter
		touch X-CON.
	2) Washing the PCB (available	Used immersion or ultrasonic waves to clean for a total of
A 0	cleaning agent 1)high quality	less than 5 minutes and the temperature be less than 60°C;
After mounting	alcohol-based cleaning fluid such as	The conductivity, PH, specific gravity and water cleaning,
	st-100s 750L,750M;2) Detergents	X-CON products should be dried with hot air (less than
	including substitute freon such as	the maximum operating temperature).
	AK-225AES and IPA)	

Issued-date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR					
Version	01		Page	15			
STANDARD MANUAL							

11.	It	refers	to	the	latest	document	of	"Environment-related	Substances
standard"(WI-HSPM-OA-072).									

	Substances					
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds					
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds					
	Mercury and mercury compounds					
	Hexavalent chromium compounds					
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)					
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)					
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)					
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)					
	Other chlorinated organic compounds					
	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)					
Brominated .	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including					
organic compounds	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])					
	Other brominated organic compounds					
Tributyltin comp	ounds(TBT)					
Triphenyltin com	pounds(TPT)					
Asbestos						
Specific azo com	pounds					
Formaldehyde						
Polyvinyl chlorid	e (PVC) and PVC blevds					
Beryllium oxide						
Beryllium copper						
Specific phthalates (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)						
Hydrofluorocarbon (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)						
Perfluorooctane sulfonates (PFOS)						
Specific Benzotri	iazole					

Issued-o	date: 2017-05-11	Name	Specification Sheet – ULR					
	Version	01		Page	16			
STANDARD MANUAL								